Chapter 4. Race and Hispanic Origin

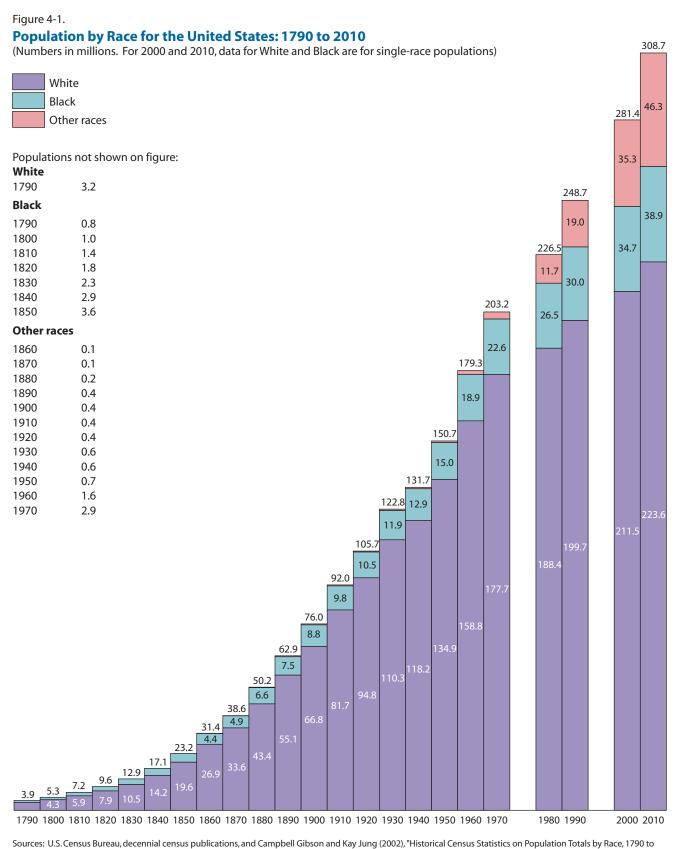
Information on race has been collected in every decennial census beginning in 1790, although the categories were limited to White and Black through the 1850 census, with free Blacks and slaves being classified through 1860. The racial categories included on the census questionnaires have changed over time reflecting changes in social attitudes and political considerations; however, in general, these categories have reflected social usage and not an attempt to define race biologically or genetically. The population of Hispanic origin (of any race), which is referred to here also as the Hispanic population, was first identified comprehensively in the 1970 census. Previously, data on other topics, such as country of birth, country of birth of parents, and mother tongue, were used to identify portions of the Hispanic population. Historical estimates of the Hispanic population back to 1850 have been developed by Gratton and Gutmann (see citation below) using sample data in the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series (IPUMS) data base. (See Minnesota Population Center, no date, "IPUMS-USA, Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)," http://usa.ipums.org/usa-action/faq.do.) Information on race was obtained primarily by enumerator observation through 1950, by a combination of direct interview and self-identification in 1960 and 1970, and by selfidentification since 1980. With enumerator observation, a person of mixed White and other race was usually classified with the other race. Historically, the large majority of Hispanics were classified by race as White; however, starting in 1980, a substantial proportion of Hispanics reported as "other" (the questionnaire wording has varied: Other in 1980, Other race in 1990, or Some other race in 2000). The limitations to comparability between 1990 and 2000 data on race are substantial because in 2000, respondents could, for the first time, report more than one race.

The history of census data on race and Hispanic origin is extremely complex with many issues of comparability, and the user of these data is strongly encouraged to consult more detailed sources. In addition to <u>References</u>, <u>Decennial Census Publications</u>, see, Claudette Bennett (2000), "Racial Categories Used in the Decennial Census, 1790 to Present," *Government Information Quarterly*, Vol. 17, No. 2, pp. 161-180; in *Historical Statistics of the United States: Millennial Edition* (2006), Charles Hirschman et al, "Race and Ethnicity: Definitions and Measurement," Vol. 1, pp. 1-4 to 1-9, and Brian Gratton and Myron P. Guttman, "Hispanic Population," Vol. 1, pp. 1-177 to 1-179; Campbell Gibson and Kay Jung (2002), "Historical Census Statistics on Population Totals by Race, 1790 to 1990, and by Hispanic Origin, 1970 to 1990, for the United States, Regions Divisions, and States," U. S. Census Bureau, Population Division Working Paper No. 56; and U.S. Office of Management and Budget (1997), "Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity," *Federal Register*, Vol. 62, No. 210 (October 30), pp. 58782-58790.

Figures

- 4-1. Population by Race for the United States: 1790 to 2010
- 4-2. Black Population by Free and Slave, 1790 to 1860, and Other Races Population by Race, 1860 to 2010, for the United States
- 4-3. Percent Distribution of the Population by Race for the United States: 1790 to 2010
- 4-4. White Non-Hispanic Population and Hispanic Population for the United States: 1850, 1880, 1900 to 1920, and 1940 to 2010
- 4-5. Population by Race and Hispanic Origin for the United States: 1990 to 2010
- 4-6. Races Other Than White as a Percentage of Total Population for the United States by Region: 1790, 1820, 1860, 1900, 1940, 1970, 2000, and 2010

- 4-7. Percent Free of the Black Population, 1790 to 1860, Percent Hispanic, 1850, 1900, 1940, 1970, 2000, and 2010, and Percent White Non-Hispanic, 1970, 2000, and 2010, in the Total Population, for the United States by Region
- 4-8. Percent Distribution of the Population by Race and Hispanic Origin for the United States by Region: 1790, 1820, 1860, 1900, 1940, 1970, 2000, and 2010



Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, decennial census publications, and Campbell Gibson and Kay Jung (2002), "Historical Census Statistics on Population Totals by Race, 1790 to 1990, and by Hispanic Origin, 1970 to 1990, for the United States, Regions, Divisions, and States," U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division Working Paper No. 56. See www.demographicchartbook.com, References.

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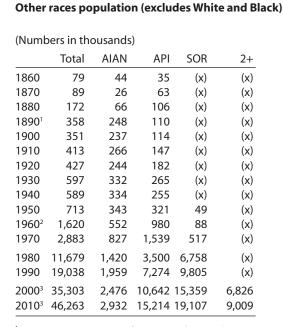
Figure 4-2.

Black Population by Free and Slave, 1790 to 1860, and Other Races Population by Race, 1860 to 2010, for the United States

(For 2000 and 2010, and except for Two or More Races, data are for single-race populations)

Black population

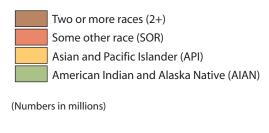
(Numbers in thousands) Total Free Slave 1790 757 60 698 1800 1.002 108 894 1810 1,378 186 1.191 1820 1,772 234 1,538 2,329 2,009 1830 320 1840 2,874 386 2,487 1850 3,639 434 3,204 1860 4,442 488 3,954



¹ Prior to 1890, enumeration of American Indian population limited to settled (taxed) population.

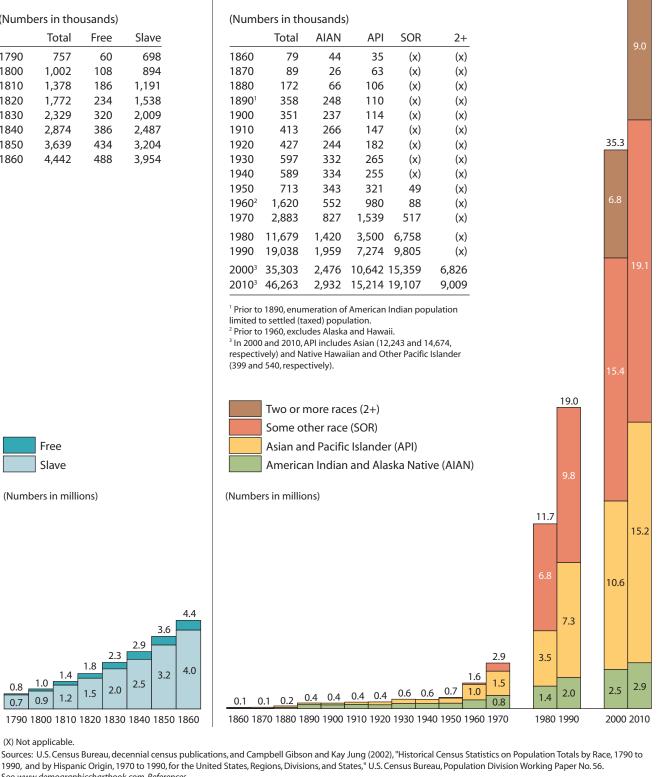
² Prior to 1960, excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

³ In 2000 and 2010, API includes Asian (12,243 and 14,674, respectively) and Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (399 and 540, respectively).



0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4

1860 1870 1880 1890 1900 1910 1920 1930 1940 1950 1960 1970



46.3



(Numbers in millions)

(X) Not applicable.

3.6 2.9 2.3 1.8 4.0 1.4 3.2 1.0 2.5 0.8 2.0 1.5 1.2 0.9 0.7 1790 1800 1810 1820 1830 1840 1850 1860



0.1

4.4

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0.1 0.2

2.9

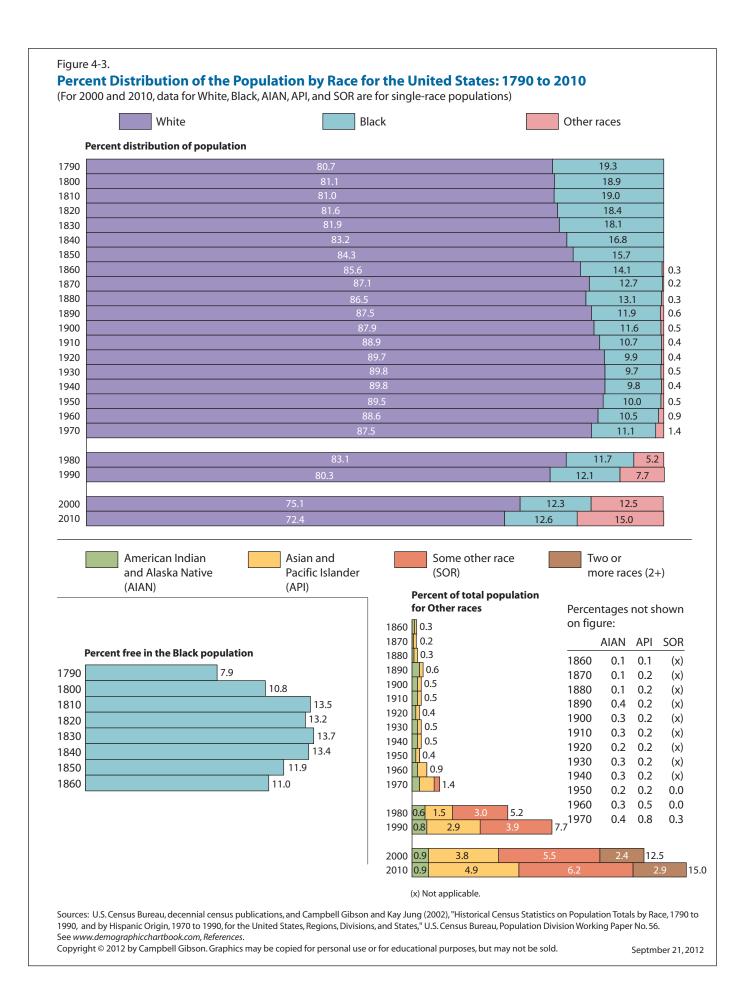
1.5

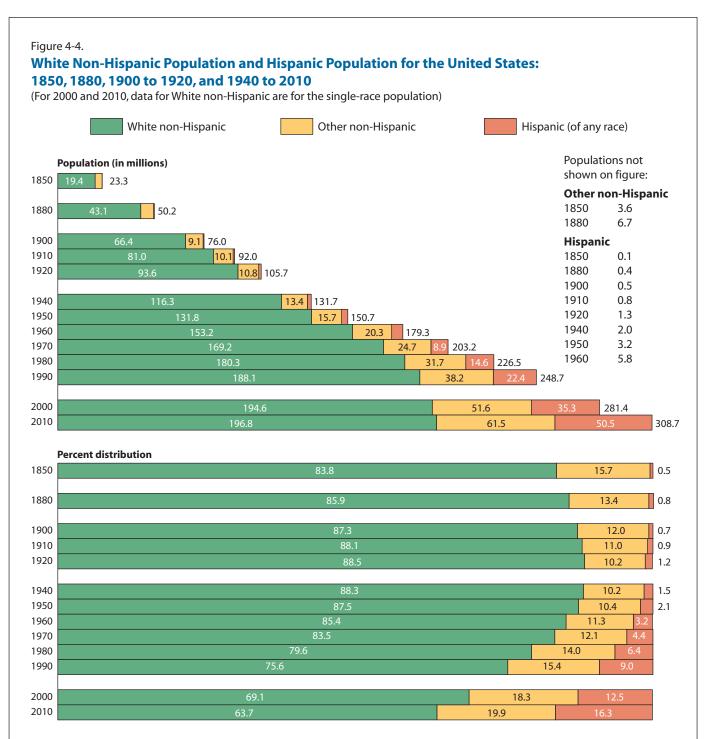
0.8

1.6

1.0 0.7

0.6 0.6

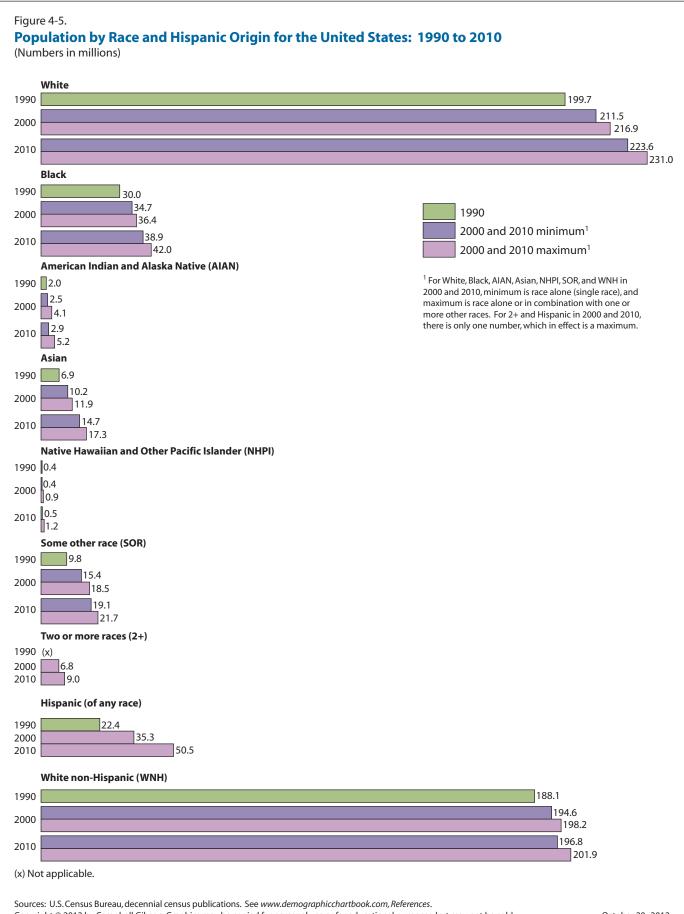




Sources: For 1850-1970 for the Hispanic population: Brian Gratton and Myron P. Guttmann (2006), "Hispanic Population," in *Historical Statistics of the United States: Millennial Edition*, Vol. 1, pp. 1-177 to 1-179. Campbell Gibson and Kay Jung (2002), "Historical Census Statistics on Population Totals by Race, 1790 to 1990, and by Hispanic Origin, 1970 to 1990, for the United States, Regions, Division and States," U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division Working Paper No. 56. U.S. Census Bureau, decennial census publications. See *www.demographicchartbook.com*, *References*.

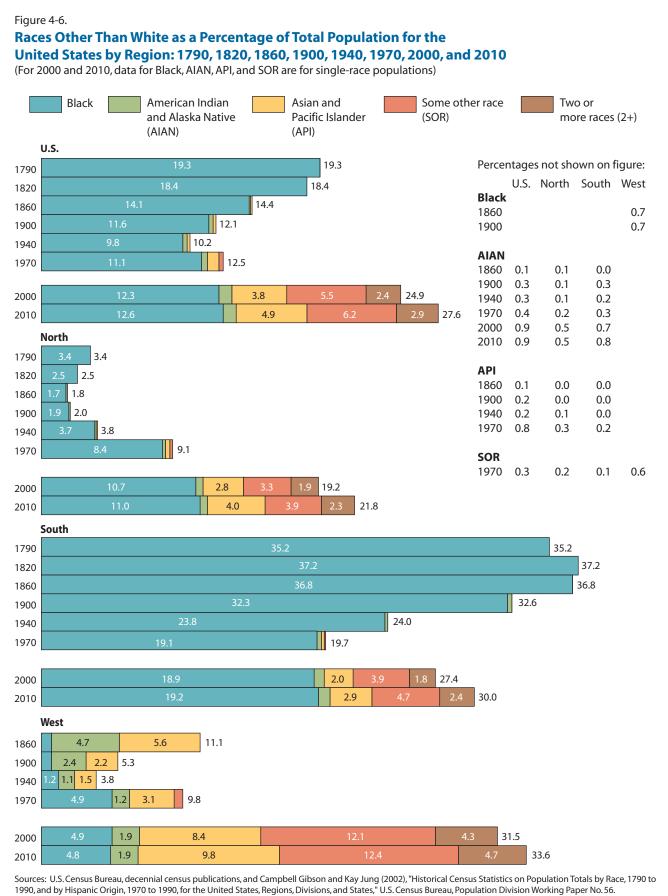
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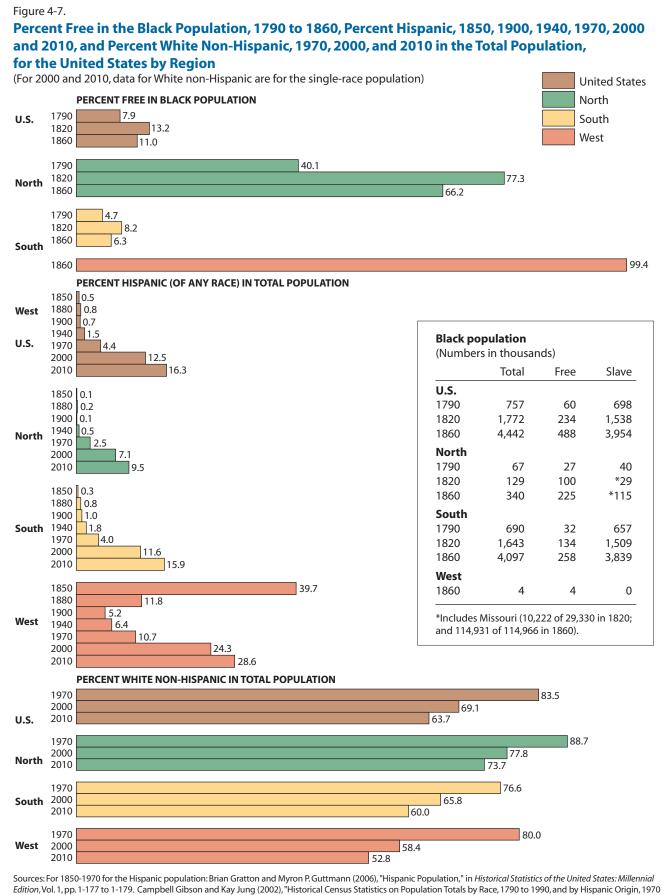
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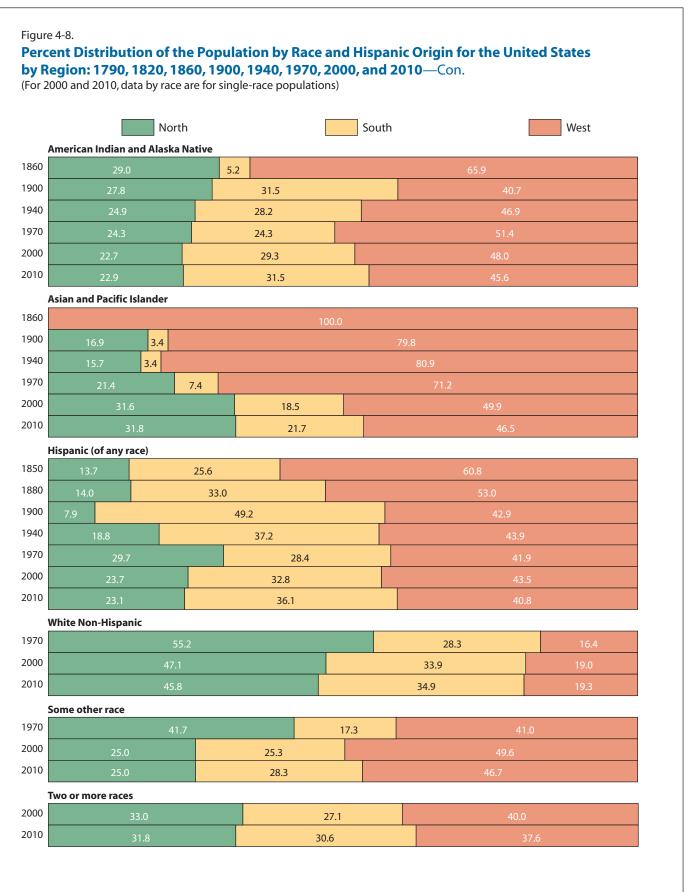


Edition, Vol. 1, pp. 1-177 to 1-179. Campbell Gibson and Kay Jung (2002), "Historical Census Statistics on Population Totals by Race, 1790 to 1990, and by Hispanic Origin, 1970 to 1990, for the United States, Regions, Division and States," U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division Working Paper No. 56. U.S. Census Bureau, decennial census publications. See *www.demographicchartbook.com*, *References*.

Figure 4-8. Percent Distribution of the Population by Race and Hispanic Origin for the United States by Region: 1790, 1820, 1860, 1900, 1940, 1970, 2000, and 2010 (For 2000 and 2010, data by race are for single-race populations) North South West Total 1790 49.9 1820 45.9 1860 35.4 2.0 1900 32.3 1940 31.6 1970 30.9 2000 35.6 2010 37.1 White 1790 40.1 1820 35.3 1860 26.1 2.0 1900 24.7 1940 26.8 1970 28.4 2000 34.4 2010 35.9 Black 1790 91.1 1820 92.7 1860 92.2 0.1 1900 89.7 0.3 1940 77.0 1.3 1970 53.0 2000 54.8 2010 56.5 **Black-Free** 1790 54.5 1820 57.3 1860 52.9 0.9 Black-Slave 1790 94.2 1820 98.1 1860 97.1

Sources: For 1850-1970 for the Hispanic population: Brian Gratton and Myron P. Guttmann (2006), "Hispanic Population," in *Historical Statistics of the United States: Millennial Edition*, Vol. 1, pp. 1-177 to 1-179. Campbell Gibson and Kay Jung (2002), "Historical Census Statistics on Population Totals by Race, 1790 to 1990, and by Hispanic Origin, 1970 to 1990, for the United States, Regions, Division and States," U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division Working Paper No. 56. U.S. Census Bureau, decennial census publications. See *www.demographicchartbook.com*, *References*.

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